A LETTER to the Author of the National Journal.

SIR,

IN all the Lists of the Prisoners taken in or after the Battle of Culloden, I observe, that none of those taken were wounded. Now, as in every Battle there are a great many wounded, and left in the Field of Battle a Prey to the Conquerors, who generally take as much Care of their wounded Enemies, as of their own wounded Men, I wish you would inform me what became of the Rebels-----that were left wounded in that Field at that Battle. I am, Your's,

TOM CURIOUS.

SIR, To the Author of the National Journal.

AS your Correspondent Mr. Curious observes, there are People wounded in all Battles. There were some at Dettingen, Fontenoy, Prestonpans and Falkirk; and we know that all the Care imaginable was taken, even by their Enemies, of those that were wounded in each of these Battles. But in the Battle of Culloden, if the wounded Rebels were all knocked o' the Head, it was no more than they deserved; for they, and, I think, their Children, and the Children of all Jacobites, ought to be served so, because, if they are suffered to live, many of them, in all Likelyhood, will grow up to be Rebels—If we had in our Hands none of the Accomplices of these Traitors, their might have been Policy in saving some of them for publick Executions, in order to strike Terror, and prevent any Sort of Rebellion for the future; but we have enough for that Purpose.

I also think, that all Jacobite Women, who are not past the Age of Breeding, should be—, because there is no Doubt but many of them will breed Jacobites, as Children generally suck in the Principles of their Mothers and Nurses, which can never be eradicated but by great Posts and Pensions, and this, you know, is often a great Disappointment as well as Loss to us honest People.

I am also of Opinion, that all the Corn in Scotland, designed for Seed, as well as all the Cattle, ought to have been seized, and all Implements of Husbandry destroyed, except what belongs to the few that are known to be well affected, which would infallibly starve all those rebellious Wretches in a Year or two—This would effectually extirpate them, and save us the Expence of transporting them to our Colonies, where they may do great Mischief by infecting the People with their Principles.

As we have had very little Intelligence from Scotland since the Battle of Culloden, I do not know if this Method has been followed; but I am clear in Opinion, that it ought to have been followed; and you may be assured, that many great, wife, and powerful Men are of the same Opinion; therefore I hope you will publish these my Thoughts in your next Paper, which will oblige,

Sir, Yours, A true Modern WHIG.

P. S. If you publish this, I expect some good Place, in Reward for my Zeal, and I intend to appoint you my Deputy.

A List of the Noblemen, Gentlemen, and others, attainted for their Accession to the Rebellion. Alexander Earl of Kellie; William Viscount of Strathallan; Alexander Lord Pitsligo; David Wemyss Esq; commonly called Lord Elcho, Eldest Son and Heir apparent of James Earl of Wemyss; James Drummond Esq; Eldest Son and Heir apparent of William Viscount of Strathallan; Simon Fraser Esq; Eldest Son and Heir apparent of Simon Lord Lovat; George Murray Esq; commonly called Lord George Murray, Brother to James Duke of Athol; Lewis Gordon Esg; commonly called Lord Lewis Gordon, Brother to Cosmo George Duke of Gordon; James Drummond, taking upon himself the Title of Duke of Perth; James Graham, late of Druntroon, taking on himself the Title of Viscount of Dundee; John Nairn, taking upon himself the Title or Stile of Lord Nairn; David Ogilvie, taking upon himself the Title of Lord Ogilvie; John Drummond, taking upon himself the Stile or Title of Lord John Drummond, Brother to James Drummond, taking on himself the Title of Duke of Perth; Robert Mercer Esq; otherways Nairn, of Aldie; Sir William Gordon of Park; John Murray of Broughton, Esq; John Gordon the Elder of Glenbucket; Donald Cameron the Younger of Lochiel; Doctor Archibald Cameron, Brother to Donald Cameron the Younger of Lochiel; Ludovick Cameron of Tor-Castle; Alexander Cameron of Dungallon; Donald MacDonald of Clanronald, Junior, Son to Ronald MacDonald of Clanronald; Donald MacDonald of Lochgarie; Alexander MacDonald of Keppoch; Archibald MacDonald, Son of Colonel MacDonald of Barisdale; Alexander MacDonald of Glencoe; Evan MacPherson of Clunie; Lauchlan MacLauchlan of Castle-Lauchlan; John MacKinnon of MacKinnon; Charles Stewart of Ardsheil; George Lockhart, Eldest Son and Heir apparent of George Lockhart of Carnwath; Lawrence Oliphant the Elder of Gask; Lawrence Oliphant the Younger of Gask; James Graham the Younger of Airth; John Stewart, commonly called John Roy Stewart; Francis Farquharson of Monalterye; Alexander MacGilivrae of Drumaglash, Lauchlan MacIntosh Merchant at Inverness; Malcolm Ross, Son of Alexander Rose of Pitcalny; Alexander MacLeod, Son to Master John MacLeod Advocate; John Hay, Portioner of Restalrig, Writer to the Signet; Andrew Lumsdale, otherways Lumsdain, Son to William Lumsdale, other ways Lumsdain, Writer in Edinburgh; and William Fidler, Clerk in the Auditor's Office in the Exchequer of Scotland.