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CHATTO AND WINDUS, PICADILLY.

Historical Chronicle, May 1746

Two constables, and a deputy constable were brought to town from *Manchester* under a strong guard of soldiers, to answer for their behaviour while the rebels were there.

THURSDAY 15.

The lords examin'd a number of witnesses who had also been examin'd by the commons, against the persons included in the bill of attainder; whose names follow:

Alexander, Earl of Kellie.
William, Viscount Strathallan.
Alexander, lord Pitsligo.
David Wemyss, Esq; called lord Elcho, eldest son and heir apparent to James, E. of Wemyss.
Ja. Drummond, Esq; eldest son of Ld. Strathallan.
Simon Fraser, Esq; eldest son of lord Lovat.
George Murray, Esq; brother to the D. of Athol.
Lewis Gordon, Esq; brother to the D. of Gordon.
James Drummond, called duke of Perth.
James Graham, called viscount of Dundee.
John Nairn, called lord Nairn.
David Ogilvie, called lord Ogilvie.
John Drummond, called lord John Drummond, brother to the titular duke of Perth.
Robert Mercer, Esq; alias Nairn of Aldie.
Sir William Gordon, of Park.
John Murray, of Broughton, Esq;
Gordon the elder, of Glenbucket.
Cameron the younger, of Lochiel.
Dr Archibald Cameron, brother of Lochiel.
Lodovick Cameron, of Tor-castle.
Alexander Cameron, of Dungallon.
Donald MacDonald the younger, of Clanronald.
Donald Mac Donald, of Lochgarie.
Alexander Mac Donald, of Keppoch.
Archibald Mac Donald, of Barrisdale.
Alexander Mac Donald, of Glencoe.
Evan Mac Pherson, of Clunie.
Lauchlan Mac Lauchlan, of Castle Lauchlan.
John Mac Kinnon, of Mac Kinnon.

FRIDAY *May 2.*

At a court martial held on board the *Marlborough* at *Spithead*, Commodore *Wyndham* president, to enquire into the loss of the *Hazard* sloop of war, taken by the rebels in *Montrose* harbour (*See our last Supplement, p. 694.*) the captain and Lieut. were both cashier'd, as coming under the 10th article of war; the gunner and boatswain were reprimanded, and the rest acquitted.

SATURDAY 3.

The lord mayor, aldermen, and common council of *London*, waited on his majesty with their address. *See p. 243.* Six pieces of cannon were sent from *Woolwich*, to be planted on a new fort lately built near *Dungeness* for the security of the coast.

MONDAY 5.

Experiments were made on *Wimbledon* common before Gen. *Ligonier*, and other persons of distinction, with 4 small cannon of a new contrivance, upon one light carriage, which was drawn by one man from place to place. Each piece discharged either near a pound ball, or from 14 to 24 musket balls. And they were judged very useful.

Charles Stewart, of Ardsheel.
 G. Lockhart, el. son of G. Lockhart of
 Carnwath
 Laurence Oliphant the elder, of Gask.
 Laurence Oliphant, the younger, of Gask.
 James Graham the younger, of Airth.
 John Stewart, called John Roy Stewart.
 Francis Farquharson, of Monalterye.
 Alexander Mac Gilivrae, of Drumaglash.
 Lauchlan Mac Intosh, merchant of Inverness.
 Malcolm Ross, of Pitcalny.
 Alexander Mac Leod.
 John Ray, of Restalrig, writer to the signet.
 Andrew Lunsdale, otherwise Lumsdain.
 William Fidler, clerk in the Auditor's office.

SATURDAY 17.

The sessions ended at the *Old Bailey* when *Wm. Russel*, an attorney's clerk in *Air-street, Piccadilly*, for two robberies on the highway; *Samuel Priggs*, a plaisterer and pawnbroker in *Bell-lane, Spittlefields*, for stabbing *Tho. Garle* with a knife, that he immediately dy'd; and *Samuel Watson* for a street robbery, received sentence of death.—The rebel prisoners taken at Carlisle, were brought to the bar, and the attorney general not being prepared to prosecute them, they were remanded into custody.

SUNDAY 18.

Aaron Levi, a jew, deputy-keeper of *Wood-str.* compter, was baptiz'd according to the rites of the church of England.

THURSDAY 22.

The corpse of the late D. of *Ormond*, brought over from *France*, after lying in state in the *Jerusalem* chamber, *Westminster Abbey*, was interr'd with great solemnity in the *Ormond* vault,

THURSDAY 29.

The Earls of *Cromarty* and *Kilmarnock*, and the Lord *Balmerino* were, brought up the river in the *Chatham* yacht, and committed prisoners to the *Tower. Gaz.*

Portsmouth, FRIDAY 30.

A great number of women have enlisted on board the fleet bound for *Cape Breton*, and continue to enter daily. They are allow'd ten pounds each and, their provisions during the passage, and when they arrive are to receive further encouragement.—Here are also several more transport ships, on board of which are embarked nine companies of foot belonging to the regiments that engaged with the rebels at *Preston-Pans, Ld. John Murray's* Highland regiment, *Powlet's* marines, &c. and are to be commanded by Gen. *Sinclair*, with the newly created Brigadier Generals *O Farrell, Richbell*, and *Graham*, Col. *Holmes*, and several other officers. Also, Captain *Chambers* company of matrosses, bombardiers, &c. amounting to 140 men, goes with them.

SATURDAY 31.

The *Dobbs* galley and *California* pass'd by *Yarmouth* under the convoy of the *Loo*, of 40 guns, on their voyage to find out the N.W. passage by *Hudson's* straits.

Kingston in Jamaica, March 12.

The 15th ult. arrived a flag of truce from *Carthage*, with advice that commodore *Barnet* was in the *South Seas*, and had taken four ships worth 8,000,000 pieces of eight.—We have the largest crop of sugar this year ever known.

Extract of a Letter from Inverness, by a Gentleman of the Army to his Friend in London.

WE drew up in line of battle twice on our march, and each time we

thought we were near the enemy; tho', I suppose, the duke's reason for doing it was to let the men see they were to engage that day, and that the lines, when there was occasion, might the more readily form.

On our approach near the enemy, the army was formed in an instant; and his royal highness rode along the lines, speaking to every battalion, yea, almost to every platoon. Had you seen him, as I did, you could never forget him. His presence and intrepid behaviour was enough to inspire the most pusillanimous with courage; and undoubtedly had a wonderful effect. *Depend* (said he to the men as he rode by me) *depend, my lads, on your bayonets: let them mingle with you; let them know the men they have to deal with.* We were now within sight of the enemy, who appeared very regularly drawn up on a rising ground.—We remained viewing each other for some time when the enemy made some motion as if they intended to attack our right flank; which occasioned the duke to cause the two battalions on the right of the near line, to march up to the right of the front, to secure that flank. At about a quarter after one, the enemy began to cannonade us, aiming, it's believ'd, their first shot at the duke's person, whom they might easily distinguish by their glasses; but our cannon soon returned the compliment, and you might easily perceive it put them into some disorder. Whether this occasioned them to alter their measures I don't know, for, by their disposition, it rather appeared they intended we should attack them; but their cannon, after some discharges without any great effect, ceased firing, and their front line advanced on us with great swiftness, and great appearance of resolution, inclining, as they came on, towards our left; our cannon, loaded with grape-shot, playing

on them the whole time with great execution. We received them with the full discharge of the fire of our front line, and kept such a brisk and continual fire on them, that it was impossible for men, whose dependance was chiefly on their swords, and who therefore fired very little, and that very badly, to sustain it: however, their right being composed chiefly of gentlemen, and being very numerous, purposely for the attack of our left flank, on which they intended to make their greatest effort, broke in on *Barrel's* regiment, notwithstanding their fire, but they received them very gallantly at the point of their bayonets; and the regiment on the left of the second line sustaining *Barrel's*, the rebels, at last, gave way, in the greatest hurry and confusion imaginable; and scarce was their flight begun before they were out of our fight, their rear-line never offering to sustain them: but our horse and dragoons, who, during the action, were posted in the rear, pursued them very briskly, and cut down great numbers without the least opposition.—Every body allowed, who saw them dead in the field of battle, that men of a larger sue, larger limbs, and better proportioned, could not be found. They promised each man of their army five pounds, if they got the victory.—They were 9000 men, whereof 4800 were Highlanders; and I am confident we were not 7000.—A day or two after the battle, large detachments were sent out, who killed some, and brought in several prisoners, among whom was the lady *Mackintosh*, a woman of a masculine spirit, who raised the clan of that name, notwithstanding her husband was in lord *Loudoun's* army. She behaved quite undaunted, and with great unconcern. She said we had made a sad slaughter of her regiment, for that all her officers were killed, except three.—Our men got the plunder of the field, but it was not very

considerable, excepting broad-swords and firelocks; and the duke gave every soldier 1s. for a broad-sword, and 2s. 6d. for a firelock; as also sixteen guineas for each standard or colours taken.

From an Officer in the Army.

Aberdeen, Were you here you would be
May 3. better reconciled to the
Presbyterians [*Kirkmen*],
than ever you were, for the only honest
men we meet with are of that persuasion,
and their ministers are the only people we
can rely on. They have favour'd,
concealed, fed and assisted these officers
and men who have made their escape out
of the rebel goals, and it is from them only
that we can have any certain account of
what the rebels do. The people of the
episcopal church here are all Jacobite;
they pray for the pretender, and are
confirmed by bishops appointed by the
pretender at *Rome*. His royal highness,
therefore, has judged very properly in
suppressing all those episcopal meeting-
houses, except where clergymen
appointed by the *English* bishops have,
leave to officiate.